



SLC52A2 gene

solute carrier family 52 member 2

Normal Function

The *SLC52A2* gene provides instructions for making a riboflavin transporter protein called RFVT2 (formerly known as RFT3). This protein moves (transports) a vitamin called riboflavin (also called vitamin B₂) across the cell membrane. The RFVT2 protein is found at especially high levels in cells of the brain and spinal cord and is important for absorbing riboflavin from the bloodstream into these tissues.

In the cells of the body, including those in the brain and spinal cord, riboflavin is the core component of molecules called flavin adenine dinucleotide (FAD) and flavin mononucleotide (FMN). These molecules function as coenzymes, which means they help enzymes carry out chemical reactions. FAD and FMN are involved in many different chemical reactions and are required for a variety of cellular processes. One important role of these coenzymes is in the production of energy for cells. FAD and FMN are also involved in the breakdown (metabolism) of carbohydrates, fats, and proteins.

Health Conditions Related to Genetic Changes

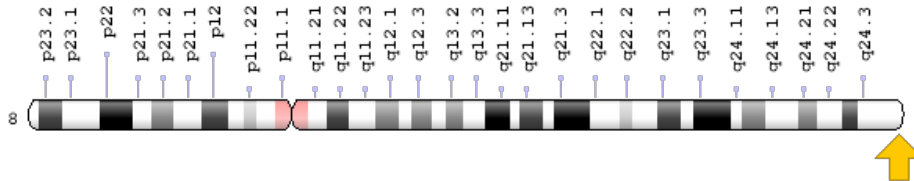
riboflavin transporter deficiency neuronopathy

At least 11 mutations in the *SLC52A2* gene have been found to cause riboflavin transporter deficiency neuronopathy. This neurological condition encompasses two disorders that were previously considered to be separate: Brown-Vialetto-Van Laere syndrome and Fazio-Londe disease. Some of the gene mutations involved in riboflavin transporter deficiency neuronopathy prevent production of the RFVT2 protein. Others lead to production of an abnormal protein with impaired ability to transport riboflavin. It is unclear how these changes lead to the nerve problems that cause hearing loss, muscle weakness in the face and limbs, and breathing problems in people with the disorder.

Chromosomal Location

Cytogenetic Location: 8q24.3, which is the long (q) arm of chromosome 8 at position 24.3

Molecular Location: base pairs 144,358,547 to 144,361,286 on chromosome 8 (Homo sapiens Annotation Release 108, GRCh38.p7) (NCBI)



Credit: Genome Decoration Page/NCBI

Other Names for This Gene

- BVVLS2
- D15Ert747e
- FLJ11856
- G protein-coupled receptor 172A
- GPCR41
- GPR172A
- hRFT3
- PAR1
- PERV-A receptor 1
- porcine endogenous retrovirus A receptor 1
- putative G-protein coupled receptor GPCR41
- RFT3
- RFVT2
- riboflavin transporter 3
- solute carrier family 52 (riboflavin transporter), member 2
- solute carrier family 52, riboflavin transporter, member 2

Additional Information & Resources

GeneReviews

- Riboflavin Transporter Deficiency Neuronopathy
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK299312>

Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28SLC52A2%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28solute+carrier+family+52++,+member+2%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+OR+%28%28G+protein-coupled+receptor+172A%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28GPCR41%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28GPR172A%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28RFT3%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28RFVT2%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28hRFT3%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28putative+G-protein+coupled+receptor+GPCR41%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28riboflavin+transporter+3%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+%28%28Genes%5BMH%5D%29+OR+%28Genetic+Phenomena%5BMH%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D>

OMIM

- SOLUTE CARRIER FAMILY 52 (RIBOFLAVIN TRANSPORTER), MEMBER 2
<http://omim.org/entry/607882>

Research Resources

- ClinVar
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar?term=SLC52A2%5Bgene%5D>
- HGNC Gene Family: Solute carriers
<http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/genefamilies/set/752>
- HGNC Gene Symbol Report
http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?q=data/hgnc_data.php&hgnc_id=30224
- NCBI Gene
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/79581>
- UniProt
<http://www.uniprot.org/uniprot/Q9HAB3>

Sources for This Summary

- Ciccolella M, Corti S, Catteruccia M, Petrini S, Tozzi G, Rizza T, Carrozzo R, Nizzardo M, Bordoni A, Ronchi D, D'Amico A, Rizzo C, Comi GP, Bertini E. Riboflavin transporter 3 involvement in infantile Brown-Vialetto-Van Laere disease: two novel mutations. *J Med Genet*. 2013 Feb;50(2):104-7. doi: 10.1136/jmedgenet-2012-101204. Epub 2012 Dec 14.
Citation on PubMed: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23243084>
- GeneReview: Riboflavin Transporter Deficiency Neuronopathy
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK299312>
- Haack TB, Makowski C, Yao Y, Graf E, Hempel M, Wieland T, Tauer U, Ahting U, Mayr JA, Freisinger P, Yoshimatsu H, Inui K, Strom TM, Meitinger T, Yonezawa A, Prokisch H. Impaired riboflavin transport due to missense mutations in SLC52A2 causes Brown-Vialetto-Van Laere syndrome. *J Inher Metab Dis*. 2012 Nov;35(6):943-8. doi: 10.1007/s10545-012-9513-y. Epub 2012 Aug 3.
Citation on PubMed: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22864630>
Free article on PubMed Central: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3470687/>
- Johnson JO, Gibbs JR, Megarbane A, Urtizberea JA, Hernandez DG, Foley AR, Arepalli S, Pandraud A, Simón-Sánchez J, Clayton P, Reilly MM, Muntoni F, Abramzon Y, Houlden H, Singleton AB. Exome sequencing reveals riboflavin transporter mutations as a cause of motor neuron disease. *Brain*. 2012 Sep;135(Pt 9):2875-82. doi: 10.1093/brain/aws161. Epub 2012 Jun 26.
Citation on PubMed: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22740598>
Free article on PubMed Central: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3437022/>
- OMIM: SOLUTE CARRIER FAMILY 52 (RIBOFLAVIN TRANSPORTER), MEMBER 2
<http://omim.org/entry/607882>
- Yao Y, Yonezawa A, Yoshimatsu H, Masuda S, Katsura T, Inui K. Identification and comparative functional characterization of a new human riboflavin transporter hRFT3 expressed in the brain. *J Nutr*. 2010 Jul;140(7):1220-6. doi: 10.3945/jn.110.122911. Epub 2010 May 12.
Citation on PubMed: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20463145>
- Yonezawa A, Inui K. Novel riboflavin transporter family RFVT/SLC52: identification, nomenclature, functional characterization and genetic diseases of RFVT/SLC52. *Mol Aspects Med*. 2013 Apr-Jun;34(2-3):693-701. doi: 10.1016/j.mam.2012.07.014. Review.
Citation on PubMed: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23506902>

Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:
<https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/gene/SLC52A2>

Reviewed: January 2016
Published: March 21, 2017

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications
U.S. National Library of Medicine
National Institutes of Health
Department of Health & Human Services